



Déterminez quel nombre peut résoudre chaque groupe de deux équations.

Réponses

Ex) $28 \div 4 = \underline{7}$
 $\underline{7} \times 4 = 28$

1) $16 \div 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 2 = 16$

2) $12 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 4 = 12$

Ex. 7

3) $28 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 7 = 28$

4) $9 \div 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 1 = 9$

5) $20 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 5 = 20$

6) $32 \div 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 4 = 32$

7) $7 \div 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 1 = 7$

8) $42 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 7 = 42$

9) $3 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 3 = 3$

10) $27 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 3 = 27$

11) $6 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 3 = 6$

12) $21 \div 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 3 = 21$

13) $72 \div 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 8 = 72$

14) $54 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 9 = 54$

15) $21 \div 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 7 = 21$

16) $45 \div 9 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 9 = 45$

17) $4 \div 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 1 = 4$

18) $30 \div 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 5 = 30$

19) $40 \div 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 8 = 40$

20) $32 \div 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 8 = 32$

1. _____

2. _____

3. _____

4. _____

5. _____

6. _____

7. _____

8. _____

9. _____

10. _____

11. _____

12. _____

13. _____

14. _____

15. _____

16. _____

17. _____

18. _____

19. _____

20. _____



Déterminez quel nombre peut résoudre chaque groupe de deux équations.

Réponses

Ex) $28 \div 4 = \underline{7}$
 $\underline{7} \times 4 = 28$

1) $16 \div 2 = \underline{8}$
 $\underline{8} \times 2 = 16$

2) $12 \div 4 = \underline{3}$
 $\underline{3} \times 4 = 12$

3) $28 \div 7 = \underline{4}$
 $\underline{4} \times 7 = 28$

4) $9 \div 1 = \underline{9}$
 $\underline{9} \times 1 = 9$

5) $20 \div 5 = \underline{4}$
 $\underline{4} \times 5 = 20$

6) $32 \div 4 = \underline{8}$
 $\underline{8} \times 4 = 32$

7) $7 \div 1 = \underline{7}$
 $\underline{7} \times 1 = 7$

8) $42 \div 7 = \underline{6}$
 $\underline{6} \times 7 = 42$

9) $3 \div 3 = \underline{1}$
 $\underline{1} \times 3 = 3$

10) $27 \div 3 = \underline{9}$
 $\underline{9} \times 3 = 27$

11) $6 \div 3 = \underline{2}$
 $\underline{2} \times 3 = 6$

12) $21 \div 3 = \underline{7}$
 $\underline{7} \times 3 = 21$

13) $72 \div 8 = \underline{9}$
 $\underline{9} \times 8 = 72$

14) $54 \div 9 = \underline{6}$
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16) $45 \div 9 = \underline{5}$
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19) $40 \div 8 = \underline{5}$
 $\underline{5} \times 8 = 40$

20) $32 \div 8 = \underline{4}$
 $\underline{4} \times 8 = 32$

Ex. $\underline{7}$

1. $\underline{8}$

2. $\underline{3}$

3. $\underline{4}$

4. $\underline{9}$

5. $\underline{4}$

6. $\underline{8}$

7. $\underline{7}$

8. $\underline{6}$

9. $\underline{1}$

10. $\underline{9}$

11. $\underline{2}$

12. $\underline{7}$

13. $\underline{9}$

14. $\underline{6}$

15. $\underline{3}$

16. $\underline{5}$

17. $\underline{4}$

18. $\underline{6}$

19. $\underline{5}$

20. $\underline{4}$